

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 29, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 1121

Introduced by Senator Leno

February 17, 2016

An act to amend ~~Section 1546.1~~ *Sections 1546.1 and 1546.2* of the Penal Code, relating to privacy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1121, as amended, Leno. Privacy: electronic communications: search warrant.

Existing law prohibits a government entity from compelling the production of or access to electronic communication information or electronic device information, as defined, without a search warrant, wiretap order, order for electronic reader records, or subpoena issued pursuant to specified conditions, except for emergency situations, as defined. Existing law also specifies the conditions under which a government entity may access electronic device information by means of physical interaction or electronic communication with the device, such as pursuant to a search warrant, wiretap order, or consent of the owner of the device.

This bill would ~~make a technical, nonsubstantive change to those provisions.~~ *additionally authorize a government entity, without a warrant or other order, to access electronic device information by means of physical interaction or electronic communication with the device in response to a contact made by a member of the public using a 911 emergency communications system for the purpose of accessing information concerning the location of the electronic device that initiated that contact.*

Existing law authorizes a service provider to voluntarily disclose electronic communication information or subscriber information. Existing law requires a government entity to destroy that information within 90 days unless one or more specified circumstances apply, including, among others, the entity has or obtains the specific consent of the sender or recipient of the electronic communications about which information was disclosed.

This bill would also authorize a government entity to retain the information beyond 90 days if the service provider or subscriber is a federal, state, or local prison, jail, or juvenile detention facility, and all parties to the electronic communication were informed, prior to the communication, that the service provider may disclose the information to the entity.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ~~no~~-yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 1546.1 of the Penal Code is amended to
- 2 read:
- 3 1546.1. (a) Except as provided in this section, a government
- 4 entity shall not do any of the following:
- 5 (1) Compel the production of or access to electronic
- 6 communication information from a service provider.
- 7 (2) Compel the production of or access to electronic device
- 8 information from any person or entity other than the authorized
- 9 possessor of the device.
- 10 (3) Access electronic device information by means of physical
- 11 interaction or electronic communication with the electronic device.
- 12 This section does not prohibit the intended recipient of an electronic
- 13 communication from voluntarily disclosing electronic
- 14 communication information concerning that communication to a
- 15 government entity.
- 16 (b) A government entity may compel the production of or access
- 17 to electronic communication information from a service provider,
- 18 or compel the production of or access to electronic device
- 19 information from any person or entity other than the authorized
- 20 possessor of the device only under the following circumstances:
- 21 (1) Pursuant to a warrant issued pursuant to Chapter 3
- 22 (commencing with Section 1523) and subject to subdivision (d).

1 (2) Pursuant to a wiretap order issued pursuant to Chapter 1.4
2 (commencing with Section 629.50) of Title 15 of Part 1.

3 (3) Pursuant to an order for electronic reader records issued
4 pursuant to Section 1798.90 of the Civil Code.

5 (4) Pursuant to a subpoena issued pursuant to existing state law,
6 provided that the information is not sought for the purpose of
7 investigating or prosecuting a criminal offense, and compelling
8 the production of or access to the information via the subpoena is
9 not otherwise prohibited by state or federal law. Nothing in this
10 paragraph shall be construed to expand any authority under state
11 law to compel the production of or access to electronic information.

12 (c) A government entity may access electronic device
13 information by means of physical interaction or electronic
14 communication with the device only as follows:

15 (1) Pursuant to a warrant issued pursuant to Chapter 3
16 (commencing with Section 1523) and subject to subdivision (d).

17 (2) Pursuant to a wiretap order issued pursuant to Chapter 1.4
18 (commencing with Section 629.50) of Title 15 of Part 1.

19 (3) With the specific consent of the authorized possessor of the
20 device.

21 (4) With the specific consent of the owner of the device, only
22 when the device has been reported as lost or stolen.

23 (5) If the government entity, in good faith, believes that an
24 emergency involving danger of death or serious physical injury to
25 any person requires access to the electronic device information.

26 (6) If the government entity, in good faith, believes the device
27 to be lost, stolen, or abandoned, provided that the entity shall only
28 access electronic device information in order to attempt to identify,
29 verify, or contact the owner or authorized possessor of the device.

30 (7) Except where prohibited by state or federal law, if the device
31 is seized from an inmate's possession or found in an area of a
32 correctional facility under the jurisdiction of the Department of
33 Corrections and Rehabilitation where inmates have access and the
34 device is not in the possession of an individual and the device is
35 not known or believed to be the possession of an authorized visitor.
36 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to supersede or
37 override Section 4576.

38 (8) *In response to a contact made by a member of the public*
39 *using a 911 emergency communications system, but only to access*

1 *information concerning the location of the electronic device that*
2 *initiated that contact.*

3 (d) Any warrant for electronic information shall comply with
4 the following:

5 (1) The warrant shall describe with particularity the information
6 to be seized by specifying the time periods covered and, as
7 appropriate and reasonable, the target individuals or accounts, the
8 applications or services covered, and the types of information
9 sought.

10 (2) The warrant shall require that any information obtained
11 through the execution of the warrant that is unrelated to the
12 objective of the warrant shall be sealed and not subject to further
13 review, use, or disclosure without a court order. A court shall issue
14 such an order upon a finding that there is probable cause to believe
15 that the information is relevant to an active investigation, or review,
16 use, or disclosure is required by state or federal law.

17 (3) The warrant shall comply with all other provisions of
18 California and federal law, including any provisions prohibiting,
19 limiting, or imposing additional requirements on the use of search
20 warrants. If directed to a service provider, the warrant shall be
21 accompanied by an order requiring the service provider to verify
22 the authenticity of electronic information that it produces by
23 providing an affidavit that complies with the requirements set forth
24 in Section 1561 of the Evidence Code. Admission of that
25 information into evidence shall be subject to Section 1562 of the
26 Evidence Code.

27 (e) When issuing any warrant or order for electronic information,
28 or upon the petition from the target or recipient of the warrant or
29 order, a court may, at its discretion, do either or both of the
30 following:

31 (1) Appoint a special master, as described in subdivision (d) of
32 Section 1524, charged with ensuring that only information
33 necessary to achieve the objective of the warrant or order is
34 produced or accessed.

35 (2) Require that any information obtained through the execution
36 of the warrant or order that is unrelated to the objective of the
37 warrant be destroyed as soon as feasible after the termination of
38 the current investigation and any related investigations or
39 proceedings.

1 (f) A service provider may voluntarily disclose electronic
2 communication information or subscriber information when that
3 disclosure is not otherwise prohibited by state or federal law.

4 (g) If a government entity receives electronic communication
5 information voluntarily provided pursuant to subdivision (f), it
6 shall destroy that information within 90 days unless one or more
7 of the following circumstances apply:

8 (1) The entity has or obtains the specific consent of the sender
9 or recipient of the electronic communications about which
10 information was disclosed.

11 (2) The entity obtains a court order authorizing the retention of
12 the information. A court shall issue a retention order upon a finding
13 that the conditions justifying the initial voluntary disclosure persist,
14 in which case the court shall authorize the retention of the
15 information only for so long as those conditions persist, or there
16 is probable cause to believe that the information constitutes
17 evidence that a crime has been committed.

18 (3) The entity reasonably believes that the information relates
19 to child pornography and the information is retained as part of a
20 multiagency database used in the investigation of child
21 pornography and related crimes.

22 (4) *The service provider or subscriber is a federal, state, or*
23 *local prison, jail, or juvenile detention facility, and all parties to*
24 *the electronic communication were informed, prior to the*
25 *communication, that the service provider may disclose the*
26 *information to the entity.*

27 (h) If a government entity obtains electronic information
28 pursuant to an emergency involving danger of death or serious
29 physical injury to a person, that requires access to the electronic
30 information without delay, the entity shall, within three *court* days
31 after obtaining the electronic information, file with the appropriate
32 court an application for a warrant or order authorizing obtaining
33 the electronic information or a motion seeking approval of the
34 emergency disclosures that shall set forth the facts giving rise to
35 the emergency, and if applicable, a request supported by a sworn
36 affidavit for an order delaying notification under paragraph (1) of
37 subdivision (b) of Section 1546.2. The court shall promptly rule
38 on the application or motion and shall order the immediate
39 destruction of all information obtained, and immediate notification
40 pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 1546.2 if such notice has

1 not already been given, upon a finding that the facts did not give
2 rise to an emergency or upon rejecting the warrant or order
3 application on any other ground.

4 (i) This section does not limit the authority of a government
5 entity to use an administrative, grand jury, trial, or civil discovery
6 subpoena to do any of the following:

7 (1) Require an originator, addressee, or intended recipient of
8 an electronic communication to disclose any electronic
9 communication information associated with that communication.

10 (2) Require an entity that provides electronic communications
11 services to its officers, directors, employees, or agents for the
12 purpose of carrying out their duties, to disclose electronic
13 communication information associated with an electronic
14 communication to or from an officer, director, employee, or agent
15 of the entity.

16 (3) Require a service provider to provide subscriber information.

17 *SEC. 2. Section 1546.2 of the Penal Code is amended to read:*

18 1546.2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any
19 government entity that executes a warrant, or obtains electronic
20 information in an emergency pursuant to Section 1546.1, shall
21 serve upon, or deliver to by registered or first-class mail, electronic
22 mail, or other means reasonably calculated to be effective, the
23 identified targets of the warrant or emergency request, a notice
24 that informs the recipient that information about the recipient has
25 been compelled or requested, and states with reasonable specificity
26 the nature of the government investigation under which the
27 information is sought. The notice shall include a copy of the
28 warrant or a written statement setting forth facts giving rise to the
29 emergency. The notice shall be provided contemporaneously with
30 the execution of a warrant, or, in the case of an emergency, within
31 three *court* days after obtaining the electronic information.

32 (b) (1) When a warrant is sought or electronic information is
33 obtained in an emergency under Section 1546.1, the government
34 entity may submit a request supported by a sworn affidavit for an
35 order delaying notification and prohibiting any party providing
36 information from notifying any other party that information has
37 been sought. The court shall issue the order if the court determines
38 that there is reason to believe that notification may have an adverse
39 result, but only for the period of time that the court finds there is

1 reason to believe that the notification may have that adverse result,
2 and not to exceed 90 days.

3 (2) The court may grant extensions of the delay of up to 90 days
4 each on the same grounds as provided in paragraph (1).

5 (3) Upon expiration of the period of delay of the notification,
6 the government entity shall serve upon, or deliver to by registered
7 or first-class mail, electronic mail, or other means reasonably
8 calculated to be effective as specified by the court issuing the order
9 authorizing delayed notification, the identified targets of the
10 warrant, a document that includes the information described in
11 subdivision (a), a copy of all electronic information obtained or a
12 summary of that information, including, at a minimum, the number
13 and types of records disclosed, the date and time when the earliest
14 and latest records were created, and a statement of the grounds for
15 the court's determination to grant a delay in notifying the
16 individual.

17 (c) If there is no identified target of a warrant or emergency
18 request at the time of its issuance, the government entity shall
19 submit to the Department of Justice within three days of the
20 execution of the warrant or issuance of the request all of the
21 information required in subdivision (a). If an order delaying notice
22 is obtained pursuant to subdivision (b), the government entity shall
23 submit to the department upon the expiration of the period of delay
24 of the notification all of the information required in paragraph (3)
25 of subdivision (b). The department shall publish all those reports
26 on its Internet Web site within 90 days of receipt. The department
27 may redact names or other personal identifying information from
28 the reports.

29 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this
30 chapter shall prohibit or limit a service provider or any other party
31 from disclosing information about any request or demand for
32 electronic information.